1. (a) Expand and simplify $(2 x+1)(x-4)$
(b) Expand and simplify $(3 x-5 y)^{2}$
2. (a) Simplify $\sqrt{50}-\sqrt{18}$ giving your answer in the form $a \sqrt{2}$, where $a$ is an integer.
(b) Hence, or otherwise, simplify

$$
\begin{equation*}
\frac{12 \sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{50}-\sqrt{18}} \tag{3}
\end{equation*}
$$

giving your answer in the form $b \sqrt{c}$, where $b$ and $c$ are integers and $b \neq 1$.
(Total for Question $\mathbf{2}$ is $\mathbf{5}$ marks)
3. (a) Simplify $\left(9 x^{4}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$
(b) Simplify $a^{7} \div a^{-3}$
(c) Simplify $\left(x^{-2}\right)^{-3}$
$\frac{(2 q)^{2}-q^{\frac{7}{2}}}{q^{2}}$ can be written in the form $d-q^{f}$
(d) Work out the value of $d$ and the value of $f$.
(Total for Question 3 is 6 marks)
4. (a) Factorise $63 x^{2} d+9 x d^{2}$
(b) Factorise $4 a b-8 b+2 a-4$
(c) Factorise $x^{2}-9 t^{2}$
5.

$$
\begin{equation*}
\mathrm{f}(x)=x^{2}-10 x+23 \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

(a) Express $\mathrm{f}(x)$ in the form $(x+a)^{2}+b$, where $a$ and $b$ are constants to be found.
(b) Hence, or otherwise, find the exact solutions to the equation

$$
\begin{equation*}
x^{2}-10 x+23=0 \tag{2}
\end{equation*}
$$

(Total for Question 5 is $\mathbf{4}$ marks)
6. Factorise completely $x-4 x^{3}$.
7. Solve, algebraically, the simultaneous equations

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2 x^{2}+2 y=7 \\
& 2 y+2 x=3
\end{aligned}
$$

8. Find the set of values of $x$ for which
(a) $2(3 x+4)>1-x$,
(b) $3 x^{2}+8 x-3<0$.
(Total for Question 8 is 6 marks)
9. The line $\mathbf{L}$ is given by the equation $3 y-2 x=24$.
(a) Write the equation for $\mathbf{L}$ in the form $y=m x+c$.
(b) Find an equation of the line parallel to line $\mathbf{L}$ and which passes through the point (3, 3).
(Total for Question 9 is $\mathbf{4}$ marks)
10. The line $l$ passes through the points $A(3,1)$ and $B(4,-2)$.

Find an equation for $l$.
(Total for Question 10 is $\mathbf{3}$ marks)
11. A circle $C$ has centre $(-1,7)$ and passes through the point $(0,0)$.

Find an equation for $C$.
(Total for Question 11 is $\mathbf{4}$ marks)
12. Simplify $\frac{x^{2}+7 x-8}{(x+8)^{2}}$
13. Express $\frac{2 x}{x+3}+\frac{7}{x-3}$ as a single fraction.

Give your answer in its simplest form.

