Na	ame:								G	ravity
Gr	ravity Qui	iz:								
ma	ass dista	nce s	tronger	gravity	wea	ker m	nassive	matter	pull-	-back
we	eight blac	k holes	less	nothing	same	orbit	tides	atmosp	here	rain
1.	objects in pulling and the object object is a	the univ y two ob s are an	erse are jects to d the	e attracted ward each	to all o	other ob depends _ betwe	ojects, bus upon ho en them	ut the amow ow . The ma	ount (	of force
2.	The more massive two objects are, the will be the gravitational force between them. The farther apart they are, the will be the force between them.									
3.	You are puyoupulls on you									
4.	Your is a measure of the gravitational attraction between you and the earth. If you were weighed on the moon, you would weigh than you do on earth. This is because the moon is less massive than the earth, so the gravitational attraction between you and the moon would be less than between you and the earth. Deep in outer space, you would weigh because the gravitational attraction between you and other distant objects would be much too weak to measure.									
5.	have so much mass that their gravity is even strong enough to pull in light. That is why they are called <u>black</u> holes.									ough
6.	Without grant including to sun. Gravit Earth's grant including the sun of the	the earth	itself. the mod	Gravity ke on pulls or	eps the	earth i	nn	ard	ound t	_•

from floating away, providing us with air to breathe.