You know how to add and subtract fractions that have the <u>same</u> <u>denominator</u> (bottom). You just add or subtract the numerators (tops) and <u>keep</u> the same old denominator (bottom).

But what if you have two fractions with different denominators—how would you go about adding or subtracting them?

Let's say we want to add 1/2 + 1/3. What can we do?

First off, we can't do anything until the denominators are the **same**.

Remember this! We only add (or subtract) **like** fractions—fractions with the <u>same</u> denominator.

So what do we do? We find a common denominator for our fractions.

6 is the least (smallest) common multiple of 3 and 2, so we'll use **6** as our common denominator.

Change the $\frac{1}{2}$ to sixths:

Change the 3 to sixths:

 $\frac{1 \times 3}{2 \times 3} = \frac{3}{6}$

$$\frac{1\times2}{3\times2}=\frac{2}{6}$$

$$S_0 = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{3}{6} + \frac{2}{6} = \frac{5}{6}$$

Your turn:

$$\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{5} =$$

$$\frac{7}{10} - \frac{13}{20} =$$