1 = fifths

2 = fifths

3 = fifths



Changing a whole number is easy even without a picture.

You know that 1 whole = 5/5. So 2 wholes = 5/5 + 5/5 = 10/5.

And 3 wholes = 5/5 + 5/5 + 5/5 = 15/5.

Another way to look at it is that you have 3 groups of 5 fifths.

That's (3×5) fifths or 15/5 (fifteen fifths).

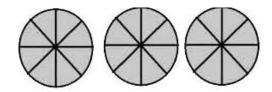
How many fifths in 4 wholes? 4 = fifths

$$4 =$$
 fifths

1 = eighths

2 = _____ eighths

3 = eighths



How many eighths in 4 wholes? _____ How many eighths in 5 wholes? _____

How many eighths in 10 wholes?

You can also write a whole number as a mixed number. The fractional part of the mixed number just has zero for the numerator.

Examples: $1 = 1 \, {}^{0}/{}_{2}$ $3 = 3 \, {}^{0}/{}_{5}$ $2 = 2 \, {}^{0}/{}_{8}$

How do you write $1^{0}/_{2}$ as a fraction? _____