## Edexcel A level Mathematics Differentiation

Section 2: The chain rule

## Exercise level 3 (Extension)

1. The curve $y=(a x+b)^{3}$ passes through the point $(0,8)$ and has gradient 60 there. Find the values of $a$ and $b$.
2. (i) Use the chain rule to find the coordinates of the stationary point of the curve $y=\left(\frac{x+1}{x}\right)^{4}$ Hint: rewrite the expression in the bracket in a suitable form.
(ii) Repeat (i) for the curve $y=x \sqrt{x+1}$. Hint: use $x=\sqrt{x^{2}}$.
3. (i) Describe the transformations mapping $y=x^{4}$ to $y=2(x-1)^{4}$.
(ii) The point P is transformed to point $\mathrm{P}^{\prime}(3,32)$. Find the coordinates of P .
(iii)Hence find the gradient of the transformed curve at point $\mathrm{P}^{\prime}$.
(iv)Verify this by directly differentiating the transformed curve using the chain rule.
