

Section 3: Geometric sequences and series

Exercise level 2

- 1. The numbers 5x + 1, 4x 4 and 3x 5 form three consecutive terms of a geometric sequence.
 - (i) Find the two possible values of *x*.
 - (ii) Find the common ratio corresponding to each possible value of *x*.
- 2. The infinite recurring decimal $0.\dot{45} = 0.454545...$ can be written as the infinite geometric series 0.45 + 0.0045 + 0.000045 + ...
 - (i) Write down the first term and the common ratio of this geometric series.
 - (ii) Find the sum to infinity of the series and hence express $0.\dot{4}\dot{5}$ as an exact fraction in its lowest terms.
- 3. Using the same method as in Question 2, express the recurring decimal $0.\dot{4}\dot{0}\dot{7}$ as an exact fraction in its lowest terms.
- 4. Aisha works for the same company for 10 years. Her starting salary is £18000, and each year she receives a pay rise of 4%.
 - (i) How much does Aisha earn in the 10^{th} year?
 - (ii) How much has she earned in total over the 10 year period?
- 5. A ball is dropped from a height of 2 metres. After each bounce it rebounds to a height 0.8 times the height that it reached after the last bounce.
 - (i) After how many bounces does the ball first rebound to less than 10 cm from the ground?
 - (ii) Find the total distance travelled by the ball before it comes to rest.
 - (iii) After how many bounces has the ball travelled more than 99% of the total distance it travels before coming to rest?
- 6. A series is $S = 1 \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{8} + \dots$
 - (i) Find the sum to infinity of the series.
 - (ii) Express the odd terms of the series S as a geometric sequence, and find its sum to infinity.
 - (iii) Express the even terms of the series S as a geometric sequence, and find its sum to infinity.
 - (iv) Show that your solutions in parts (ii) and (iii) confirm your answer in (i).

