## Section 2: Composite and inverse functions

## Exercise level 2

1. The function f is defined as:

$$
\mathrm{f}(x)=\frac{3-2 x}{x-5}, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}, x \neq 5
$$

The graph of $y=\mathrm{f}(x)$ is shown below. The graph has a vertical asymptote at $x=5$ and a horizontal asymptote at $y=-2$.

(i) State the range of $\mathrm{f}(x)$.
(ii) Find $\mathrm{f}^{-1}(x)$ and state its domain and range.
(iii) The gradient the curve $y=\mathrm{f}(x)$ at the point $(4,5)$ is 7 . Write down the gradient of $y=\mathrm{f}^{-1}(x)$ at the point where $x=5$.
2. The function f is defined as:

$$
\mathrm{f}(x)=\frac{1}{3-x}, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}, x \neq 3
$$

(i) State the range of $\mathrm{f}(x)$.
(ii) Find $\mathrm{ff}(x)$ and state its domain.
(iii) Find $\mathrm{f}^{-1}(x)$ and state its domain and range.
3. The functions f and g are defined as:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{f}(x)=x^{2}-2, \quad x \in \mathbb{R} \\
& \mathrm{~g}(x)=\frac{1}{x}, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}, x \neq 0
\end{aligned}
$$

(i) State the range of $\mathrm{f}(x)$.
(ii) Find $\operatorname{gf}(x)$ and state its domain.
(iii) Find $\operatorname{gg}(x)$ and interpret your answer.
(iv) Find $(\mathrm{fg})^{-1}(x)$
4. The functions f and g are defined as:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\mathrm{f}(x)=\mathrm{e}^{x}, & x \in \mathbb{R} \\
\mathrm{~g}(x)=x^{2}, & x \in \mathbb{R}
\end{array}
$$

Express in terms of f and g .
(i) $\mathrm{e}^{2 x}, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}$

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(ii) $\mathrm{e}^{4 x}, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}$
(iii) $\mathrm{e}^{2 x^{2}}, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}$
(iv) $\mathrm{e}^{\sqrt{x}}, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}$
5. The functions f and g are defined as:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{f}(x)=2 x, \quad x \in \mathbb{R} \\
& \mathrm{~g}(x)=\sin x, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}
\end{aligned}
$$

(i) Find $\operatorname{fg}(x)$
(ii) Find $(\mathrm{fg})^{-1}(x)$

