## Edexcel A level Mathematics Functions

## Section 2: Composite and inverse functions

## Exercise level 1

1. The functions $\mathrm{f}, \mathrm{g}$ and h are defined as:

$$
\mathrm{f}(x)=1-x \quad \mathrm{~g}(x)=x^{2} \quad \mathrm{~h}(x)=\frac{1}{x}
$$

Find the following composite functions:
(i) $\operatorname{fg}(x)$
(ii) $\operatorname{gh}(x)$
(iv) $\operatorname{fhg}(x)$
(v) $\quad \mathrm{f}^{2}(x)$
(iii) $\operatorname{gfh}(x)$
(vi) $\quad \mathrm{h}^{2}(x)$
2. The functions s and t are defined as:

$$
\mathrm{s}(x)=\sqrt{x} \quad \mathrm{t}(x)=x+2
$$

Express the following functions in terms of s and t .
(i) $\sqrt{x+2}$
(ii) $\sqrt{x}+2$
(iii) $x+4$
3. Find the inverses of each of the following functions.
(i) $\mathrm{f}(x)=3 x^{3}-1$
(ii) $\mathrm{f}(x)=\frac{x+2}{x-1}$
(iii) $\mathrm{f}(x)=1-\frac{2}{x}$
4. The functions f and g are defined by:

$$
\mathrm{f}(x)=2 x+1 \quad \mathrm{~g}(x)=\frac{2-x}{3}
$$

Find:
(i) $\mathrm{f}^{-1}(x)$
(ii) $\mathrm{g}^{-1}(x)$
(iii) $\operatorname{fg}(x)$
(iv) $(\mathrm{fg})^{-1}(x)$
(v) $\operatorname{gf}(x)$
(vi) $(\mathrm{gf})^{-1}(x)$
(vii) $\mathrm{f}^{-1} \mathrm{~g}^{-1}(x)$
(viii) $\mathrm{g}^{-1} \mathrm{f}^{-1}(x)$
What do you notice about the inverse of a composite function?

