## Edexcel AS Further Maths Sequences and series "integral

## Section 1: Summing series

## Exercise level 2

1. Find
(i) $\sum_{r=30}^{50}\left(r^{3}-2\right)$
(i) $\quad \sum_{r=10}^{20} r(r-2)$
2. Using the standard results, find an expression for $\sum_{r=1}^{n}(r+1)(2 r+1)$ and hence evaluate $2 \times 3+3 \times 5+4 \times 7+$ $\qquad$ $+21 \times 41$.
3. Using the standard results, find the sum of the first $n$ terms of $(r+4)^{3}$.
4. Write down an expression for the $r$ th term of the series
$1 \times 2+3 \times 4+5 \times 6+$ $\qquad$ and hence find the sum of the first $n$ terms.
5. Using the standard result for $\sum_{1}^{n} r^{3}$, show that $\sum_{r=n+1}^{2 n} r^{3}=\frac{n^{2}(3 n+1)(5 n+3)}{4}$.
