

## Section 2: Trigonometric equations



## **Exercise level 3 (Extension)**

1. [Make sure that your calculator is in degree mode throughout this question.]

The rise and fall of the tide at Port A is modelled by

$$y = 3\left(\cos\left(\frac{59x}{2}\right)^\circ + 1\right) \qquad 0 \le x \le 50$$

where x is the number of hours since midnight on Sunday night, and y metres is the depth in the approach channel to the port.

- (i) Sketch the graph of the tide.
- (ii) Find the times of high and low water on Tuesday, giving your answer to the nearest minute.
- (iii) It is planned to bring a vessel into Port A at some time on Tuesday, near midday. The vessel has a draught of 2 metres (i.e. it requires 2 metres of water to enter the port). Between what times on Tuesday must the vessel be brought into Port A?
- (iv) At a second port further along the coast, Port B, the times of high and low water occur 2 hours later than at Port A, and the depth of water in the approach channel to Port B varies from 1 to 5 metres. Adapt the formula given for Port A to give a similar formula for tides at Port B.
- (v) At what times on Tuesday could the vessel be taken into Port B?
- (vi) Which of the ports is accessible for the longer period near Tuesday midday?
- 2. (i) Show that  $x = \frac{1}{2}$  satisfies the equation

 $32x^{3} - 48x^{2} + 22x - 3 = 0$ and hence factorise the equation fully. (ii) Hence find all solutions of  $32\cos^{3} x - 48\cos^{2} x + 22\cos x - 3 = 0 \text{ for } 0^{\circ} \le x \le 360^{\circ}$ 

