

Section 1: Quadratic graphs and equations**Exercise level 1**

1. Factorise these quadratic expressions.

(i) $x^2 + 5x + 6$

(ii) $x^2 + x - 12$

(iii) $x^2 - 9$

(iv) $x^2 - 6x + 8$

(v) $2x^2 + 3x + 1$

(vi) $3x^2 + x - 2$

(vii) $4x^2 - 8x + 3$

(viii) $4x^2 - 25$

(ix) $6x^2 - x - 12$

2. Factorise:

(i) $x^2 - 4x$

(ii) $x^2 - 17x - 60$

(iii) $x^2 + 4(x + 1)$

(iv) $3x^2 - 11x + 6$

3. Solve these quadratic equations by factorising.

(i) $x^2 + 4x + 3 = 0$

(ii) $x^2 + 5x - 6 = 0$

(iii) $x^2 - 6x + 8 = 0$

(iv) $x^2 - 7x - 18 = 0$

(v) $2x^2 + 5x + 3 = 0$

(vi) $2x^2 + x - 6 = 0$

4. Write down the equation of the line of symmetry and the coordinates of the vertex of each of the following quadratic graphs:

(i) $y = (x - 4)^2 + 1$

(ii) $y = (x + 2)^2 - 3$

(iii) $y = (2x - 1)^2 - 5$

(iv) $y = 3 - (x + 1)^2$

5. A quadratic graph has minimum point $(-1, 2)$. Find an equation for the graph.

6. A quadratic graph has maximum point $(2, 5)$. Find an equation for the graph.

7. Write each of the following quadratic functions in completed square form:

(i) $x^2 + 2x - 3$

(ii) $x^2 - 6x + 1$

(iii) $x^2 + x + 1$

(iv) $-x^2 + 5x$

(v) $2x^2 + 4x + 3$

(vi) $3x^2 + 8x - 2$

8. Using your answers for each of the quadratic functions in question 7, write down the coordinates of the minimum or maximum point (the vertex) of the graph.

(i) $y = x^2 + 2x - 3$

(ii) $y = x^2 - 6x + 1$

(iii) $y = x^2 + x + 1$

(iv) $y = -x^2 + 5x$

(v) $y = 2x^2 + 4x + 3$

(vi) $y = 3x^2 + 8x - 2$