

## Section 2: Notation and proof

## **Crucial points**

## 1. Be careful with notation

Use the symbols  $\Rightarrow$ ,  $\Leftarrow$  and  $\Leftrightarrow$  carefully. Make sure that you only use  $\Leftrightarrow$  when one condition is true if and only if the other is also true.

- 2. Think carefully about the meaning of mathematical statements Remember that if a statement is true, this does not necessarily mean that its converse is true. A  $\Rightarrow$  B does not mean that B  $\Rightarrow$  A. If the converse is true, then you can write A  $\Leftrightarrow$  B.
- 3. Make sure that a proof really is a proof Remember that to prove a result, you must show that it is true in **all** possible cases. If it is not possible to test all cases, then you need to generalise.

